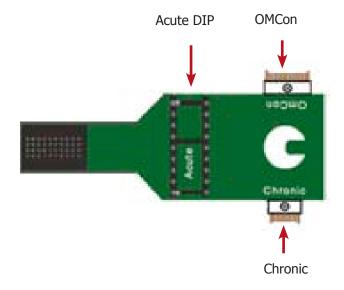


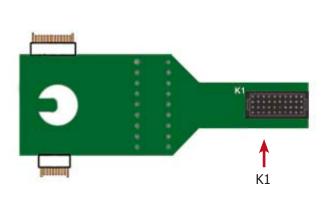
# nanoZ™ to Omnetics and DIP Based Probes

This adapter allows the user to connect an Omnetics or DIP based probe to a nano $Z^{\mathsf{TM}}$  impedance tester. Connectors are labeled on the circuit board for easy identification.

### Top

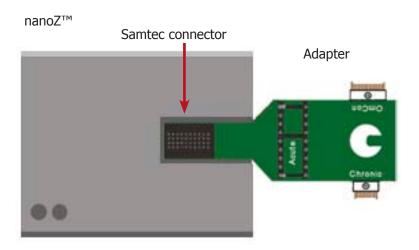


#### **Bottom**



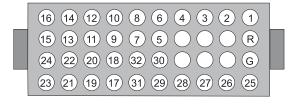
## Connecting the Adapter to the nanoZ™

After configuring the nanoZ<sup>TM</sup> impedance tester as directed in the nanoZ<sup>TM</sup> User Manual, connect the adapter to the Samtec connector closest to the center, ensuring it is firmly seated. The adapter should cover both nanoZ<sup>TM</sup> Samtec connectors (as shown below).



#### **K1** Pinout

The K1 connector on the bottom of the adapter is used to connect to the nano $Z^{TM}$ .



Pinouts are looking into the socket strip and reflect the preamplifier channels.

**Output Connector:** 40-pin Samtec FOLC

high density socket strip

Connects to: 32-channel Samtec

FOLC-based connection

**Use with:** nanoZ™

See reverse for probe connector pinouts.

## **OmCon Pinout**



Pinouts are looking into the header and reflect the preamplifier channels.

**Input connector:** 36-pin female Omnetics nano dual row header.

**Connects to:** 32-channel chronic probe.

# **Chronic Pinout**



Pinouts are looking into the header and reflect the preamplifier channels.

**Input connector:** dual row 18-pin female

Omnetics nano dual row header

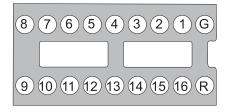
**Connects to:** 16-channel chronic probe, such

as a TDT 16-channel microwire

array

**Important!** The corresponding channels from each probe connection are tied together, so that channel 1 of the Chronic header, the OmCon header, and the Acute socket strip are all tied to channel 1 of the K1 to  $nanoZ^{TM}$  socket strip.

## **Acute Pinout**



Pinouts are looking into the socket strip and reflect the preamplifier channels.

**Input connector:** 0.5 mm female 18-pin DIP

socket strip.

**Connects to:** 16-channel DIP-based probe,

such as a 16-channel acute

NeuroNexus probe.

